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Introduction to Take-Home Whitening

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What is take-home whitening?

- Take-home whitening involves any whitening materials used at home after a consultation with a DP or an in-office bleaching for maintenance
- ADA refers to take-home whitening as "dentistprescribed/dispensed" whitening

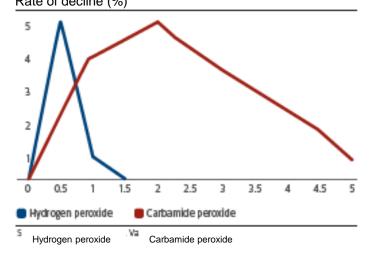
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How Take Home Whitening Works?

Hydrogen peroxide is a fast-acting ingredient that releases most of its whitening power within 90 minutes, reaching maximum whitening strength in 30 minutes. In contrast, carbamide peroxide releases its whitening power within five hours and reaches its maximum strength in two hours

Hydrogen and carbamide peroxide breakdown Rate of decline (%)



A helpful tip

To convert hydrogen peroxide to a carbamide peroxide equivalent, multiply he hydrogen peroxide percentage by 2.765. To convert carbamide peroxide to a hydrogen peroxide equivalent, divide the carbamide peroxide percentage by 2.765.



Source: Dr. Bruce Mattis, Dr. Van Haywood

Unique DayWhite and NiteWhite solutions powered by ACP

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Zoom Take Home Power of 3

- Amorphous Calcium Phosphate (ACP), shown to deliver enamel protection, help reduce sensitivity and improve the luster and smoothness of teeth
- 2. Potassium Nitrate, Philips Zoom
 DayWhite and NiteWhite now have
 more than any other take-home
 whitening product to maximize patient
 comfort.
- 3. Fluoride, shown to help reduce caries and will help your patients achieve their healthiest, most radiant smiles.

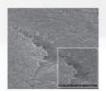




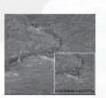
The power of three advantage

Philips Zoom is the only professional take-home whitening system with the power of three, amorphous calcium phosphate (ACP), fluoride and potassium nitrate, to:

- · Deliver enamel protection
- Reduce sensitivity
- + Help Improve tooth luster



Leading competitor Demineralization of enamel with major intercrystalline spaces



Im

Philips Zoom NiteWhite



Philips Zoom DayWhite

Improved enamel surface smoothness and luster!





Take-home after



New & Improved formula with up to 20% more potassium nitrate and improved mint flavor

Zoom Take Home Portfolio

Carbamide peroxide:		Hydrogen peroxide:		
Philips Zoom (16% CP) NiteWhite Maximum white	Phitips Zoom (22% CP) NiteWhite Quick	Philips Zoom (14% HP) Day White Maximum white	Philips Zoom (6% HP) DayWhite Gentle	Philips Zoom (9.5% HP) Day White Touch-ups
Recommended wear times:		Recommended wear times:		
2 to 4 hours daily or overnight	2 to 4 hours daily or overnight	15 minutes twice daily	30 minutes daily	5 to 10 minutes daily
Patient treatment kits: For new whitening patients		Patient treatment kits: For new whitening patients		
	A A SECTION AND			
6 syringes	4 syringes	9 syringes	4 syringes	
Personalized patient refills: For current whitening patients		Personalized patient refills: For current whitening patients		
3 syringes	3 syringes	3 syringes		3 syringes
Dental professional dispensing kits: For Endless Whitening patients and special promotions		Dental professional dispensing kits: For Endless Whitening patients and special promotions		
25 syringes	25 syringes	25 syringes	25 syringes	25 syringes

Product: DayWhite ACP Only day-wear take-home whitener to combine ACP, potassium

Only day-wear take-home whitener to combine ACP, potassium nitrate and fluoride to provide unparalleled sensitivity management and enhanced whitening

Core Message: Scientifically advanced, 15-30 min, daytime whitener

Features	Benefits
ACP	✓ Rebuilds enamel
	✓ Reduces sensitivity by 30%
	✓ Reduces fadeback
	✓ Adds luster
Dual-barrel	✓ Increases stability
syringe	√ No refrigeration required
High Concentration 14%	✓ Shorter wear time



Formulas:

- HP 14%
- Wear time 15 mins per application

Product: NiteWhite ACP

Positioning:

Only **night-wear take-home** whitener to combine ACP, potassium nitrate and fluoride to provide **unparalleled sensitivity management** and **enhanced whitening**

Core Message: Scientifically advanced overnight whitener

Features	Benefits	
ACP	√ Rebuilds enamel	
	✓ Reduces sensitivity by 30%	
	√ Reduces fadeback	
	✓ Adds luster	
Dual-barrel syringe	✓ Increases stability	
	√ No refrigeration required	
Specially formulated	✓ Avg of 6 shades in only 3 nights	



Formulas:

- CP 16%, 22%
- Wear time 22%-1 hr
- 16%- 5 hrs night wear

ZOOM! Take-home features & benefits

Features	Benefits	
Contains amorphous calcium phosphate (ACP)	ACP is proven to: rebuild enamel, restore luster, relieve sensitivity, dramatically reduce fadeback, and increases the uptake of fluoride.	
Contains potassium nitrate and fluoride	Great for managing sensitivity during whitening treatment.	
Patented dual-barrel syringe technology	Ingredients remain separated until they mix at the tip immediately prior to application. Ingredients stay at full strength, without requiring refrigeration.	
No refrigeration required	Saves valuable fridge space. Simply store the kits on the shelf until you need them.	
Free kit personalization* *U.S. only	Makes it easy for patients to contact their DP for appointments, questions or to order refills. Serves as a friendly reminder of the dental practice that makes their smile whiter and healthier.	
Marketing materials available	Grow a whitening program through consistent use of marketing collateral provided by Philips Zoom.	

ACP Key Benefit: less sensitivity

Twice as many patients reported **no** sensitivity when using NiteWhite with ACP versus whitening without ACP



Ginger, Macdonald, Ziemba, Felix. Clinical Performance of Professionally Dispensed Bleaching Gel with Added Amorphous Calcium Phosphate, JADA Vol. 136. March, 2005.

A Take-Home Whitening Procedure

Step 1: Pre-treatment

Case Selection

More patients fit within take-home parameters than in-office. Nevertheless, watch for:

- Possibility of tooth sensitivity, even temporary
- Pulpal nerve stimulation by hydrogen peroxide
- Disqualify or defer patients that are perio-involved, have excessive wear (bruxing/grinding), restorations with leakage, severe gag reflex, or unhealthy oral state

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Step 1: Pre-treatment

Take and record the patient's shade



Vita Shade Guide Listing by Value – Light to Dark

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Step 2: DP performs a clinical exam

Perform a clinical exam

- All teeth checked for endodontic problems, hypocalcifcations
- Restorations identified: composite, crowns leaking, broken fillings
- DP sets expectations with patient
 - Results MUST be maintained by the patient
 - Maintenance treatments are dependent on patient HABITS



TIP: It is during the clinical exam that other restorative needs may be identified and planned

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Final steps

Step 3:

The DP reviews the patient's medical history

Not for pregnant or lactating women

Step 4: Current dental health is examined and x-rays taken



Teeth should always be cleaned prior to whitening

Tip: The "pellicle" is a layer of saliva that forms within 2 hours of teeth cleaning



Removing the pellicle prior to whitening can increase effectiveness

Tray Fabrication



The better the tray, the better the results, compliance, and patient satisfaction.

Good trays are key!

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Custom-fitted trays are the backbone of at-home whitening

- 1. Fabrication
- 2. Vacuum Form Tray
- 3. Trim







Accessories/Supplies

- Vacuum Former
- Speed Stone
- Speed Release
- Tray Cases
- Trimming Scissors
- Relief ACP (for extra sensitive patients)
- EVA sheets











EVA





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Essential qualities of good tray fabrication

Tip: Understanding tray making is a way to win points with the DP.

- Good impression with full detail
- Trim horseshoe model
 10mm height
- All "blebs" of stone removed and gingival margin area of the model is fully cleaned
- EVA sheet with vacuum, trim .5 mm away from gingival margin and scalloped





Tray Design Options

Facial Scalloped Reservoir	 where taste is a problem to patient where tongue has irritation from tray edge 	 avoids spill-over of material on tongue from lingual provides smooth edge for tongue
Scalloped Non-Reservoir	for fluid materials when tissue avoidance is desired with max. retention of tray	no apparent difference in bleaching rates with or without reservoirs
Non-scalloped Reservoir	•for seating of tray with viscous materials when best seal is needed	 mandibular arch best with non- scalloped for material retention/tissue comfort
Scalloped Reservoir	 where minimal tissue contact is desired for highly viscous material which aids retention maxillary arch to conserve material use 	 saliva ingress unless thick and sticky material special trimming scissors help fabrication
Non-Scalloped Non-Reservoir	 most comfortable tray to wear for maximum retention of tray for maximum retention of material at gingival for fluid/honey like materials low concentration gel mandibular arch Class II 	 allows tissue contact may cause gingival irritation can not extend into undercuts should not impinge on frenum, rugae, incisial papilla, canine eminence



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